

# Questionable Research Practices

*An African Perspective*

Francis Kombe and Limbanazo Matandika

*Romans 3: 23*

*for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God*

# INTRODUCTION

- **Research integrity**=Individual Researcher's Integrity
- **Research ethics**=research protocol/proposal

# KEY ETHICAL VALUES/PRINCIPLES



# SCIENTIFIC STANDARD

- Applying ethical values in everyday life
- Upholding PROFESSIONALISM
- Building and maintaining TRUST

# RESEARCH MISCONDUCT

Serious deviation from scientific standard

- Fabrication
- Falsification
- Plagiarism

**What are Questionable Research Practices?**

# WHAT ARE QUESTIONABLE RESEARCH PRACTICES?

- Violation of scientific standards other than FFP
  - Conflict of obligation (researcher/physician)
    - Pressure to recruit
    - Same PI in multiple studies



# QUESTIONABLE RESEARCH PRACTICES

- Conflict of interest
  - Obligations to sponsors vs scientific integrity
    - Raises risk of error, bias, misconduct, exploitation, etc.
- Financial mismanagement
- Protocol deviation
- Starting study without final approval
- Salami (multiple) and duplicate (repeat) publications

# RESEARCH INTEGRITY IN CONTEXT

- **Research is alien**

- Mistrust
- Fears of the unknown
- Potential for exploitation

**BUILDING TRUST**

- **Ground realities**

- Theory verses application
- The role of frontline staff

**ETHICAL DILEMMAS**

- **Overreliance on external support**

- Power imbalances
- Lack/weak of regulatory systems

**BIG BROTHER SCIENCE**

# RESEARCH INTEGRITY IN CONTEXT

- Institutional governance and regulatory systems are still evolving and weak
- There is lack of training and capacity for regulatory institutions to work independently and efficiently

**WHAT CHALLENGES EXIST?**

# WHAT CHALLENGES EXIST?

- Overreliance in external funding
- No input/investment from Africa
- Lack of political good will by national governments
  - Research not part of national agenda
  - Corruption/power/Politicking/ insecurity

**WHAT SHOULD BE DONE TO AVOID QRP?**

# WHAT SHOULD BE DONE TO AVOID QRP?

- Training and promoting ethics
- Creating awareness of best practices and complexities in research
- Build skills on solving complex ethical problems
  - What are ethical challenges and dilemmas?
  - Guidelines ?
  - Deliberative space/Experience sharing
  - Advice from peers/best practice
- Clear institutional policies in dealing with RM/QRP

# 1. **Developing enabling environment**

- Invest in development of governance and regulatory policies and structures at local and national levels to review, monitor and deal with undesirable research practices fairly and transparently
- Invest in technological and financial resources to empower local scientists, students and communities in RCR
- Designated office/person to report on RM and QRP



## 2. **Capacity building**

- Strong mentorship programmes
- Training in ethics and RCR using pedagogies that develops moral intuition
- Support supervision
- North to South technology transfer to strengthen local capacity in addressing research integrity issues-  
Development of competent regulatory mechanisms
- Competent IRBs/RECs

### **3. Establish and engage in equitable transnational partnerships**

- Respect local regulatory and governance systems
- Foster transparency, accountability and responsible conduct of research

## **4. Build local/regional networks that foster RCR in Africa**

- Develop harmonized approaches that bind researchers working anywhere on the continent

# CONCLUSION

- Negligence=QRP- **Genuine errors occur**
- Research misconduct=**Misuse of funds/Abuse public trust**
- Setting standards/policies-**Take responsibilities**
- Partnership-Genuine-**Fair and transparent collaborations**
- Professionalism-**Promote collegiality and trustworthiness**
- Objectivity-Don't assume....**Dialogue/Communication/ask!**

Thank you

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